TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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6025 South Quebec Street, Suite 260 Centennial, Colorado 80111 303-792-3020 (0) | 303-232-7237 (f) www.wcrcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Transport Metropolitan District No. 1 Adams County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Transport Metropolitan District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basis financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1's basic financial statements. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedule of Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements.

themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express any opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC March 13, 2023 Centennial, Colorado

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 overnmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 140,261
Cash and Investments - Restricted	7,200
Due from Other Districts	2,027,821
Due from Developer	24,199
Prepaid Insurance	13,989
Property Tax Receivable	1
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	 75,106,835
Total Assets	77,320,306
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	3,440,393
Retainage Payable	1,454,223
Accrued Interest Payable	8,238
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Developer Advances Due in More Than One Year	81,185
Total Liabilities	4,984,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	 1
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 11
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergencies	7,200
Unrestricted	 72,329,066
Total Net Position	\$ 72,336,266

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Charges for	Program Revenues Operating Grants and	s Capital Grants and	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position Governmental
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Government Activities: General Government Public Works Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 250,805 - 4,871	\$ - - -	\$ 238,256 - -	\$- 52,630,095 -	\$ (12,549) 52,630,095 (4,871)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 255,676</u>	\$-	\$ 238,256	\$ 52,630,095	52,612,675
	GENERAL REV Property Taxes Total Gene				<u> </u>
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			52,612,676
	Net Position - Be	ginning of Year			19,723,590
	NET POSITION	- END OF YEAR			\$ 72,336,266

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General	 Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Due from District No. 2	\$	140,261 7,200 82,581	\$ -	\$	140,261 7,200 82,581
Due from District No. 3 Due from District No. 4 Due from Developer		4,222 6,969 2,148	1,934,049 - 22,051		1,938,271 6,969 24,199
Prepaid Insurance Property Taxes Receivable		13,989 1	 -		13,989
Total Assets	\$	257,371	\$ 1,956,100	\$	2,213,471
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Total Liabilities	\$	5,355 	\$ 3,435,038 1,454,223 4,889,261	\$	3,440,393 1,454,223 4,894,616
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1 1	 -		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted For: Emergency Reserves		13,989 7,200	-		13,989 7,200
Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		230,826 252,015	 (2,933,161) (2,933,161)		(2,702,335) (2,681,146)
Total Liabilities and and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	257,371	\$ 1,956,100		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stateme position are different because:	ent of	net			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in th		ds.			75,106,835
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due payable in the current period and, therefore, are not recor liabilities in the funds. Bond Interest Payable		S			
Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advances					(81,185) (8,238)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	72,336,266

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			•	. .
Property Taxes	\$	1	\$-	\$ 1
Developer Contribution		-	321,108	321,108
Transfer from District No. 2		220,076	-	220,076
Transfer from District No. 3		334	52,308,987	52,309,321
Transfer from District No. 4		17,846	-	17,846
Total Revenues		238,257	52,630,095	52,868,352
EXPENDITURES				
General, Administrative, and Operations:				
Accounting		33,771	33,771	67,542
Audit		11,500	-	11,500
Banking Fees		421	-	421
Dues and Membership		1,537	-	1,537
Election		2,698	-	2,698
Insurance		9,966	-	9,966
Legal		33,100	74,759	107,859
Miscellaneous		951	-	951
Capital Outlay:				
Engineering - Cost Verification		-	48,331	48,331
Capital Outlay - District Costs		-	35,460,130	35,460,130
Capital Outlay - Developer Certified Costs		-	19,069,850	19,069,850
Repay Developer Advance		-	19,069,850	19,069,850
Total Expenditures		93,944	73,756,691	73,850,635
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES		144,313	(21,126,596)	(20,982,283)
		,	(, -,,	(-,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Advance		-	19,069,850	19,069,850
Transfer Between Other Funds		(2,537)	2,537	
Total Other Financing Sources		(2,537)	19,072,387	19,069,850
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		141,776	(2,054,209)	(1,912,433)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year		110,239	(878,952)	(768,713)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	252,015	\$ (2,933,161)	\$ (2,681,146)

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (1,912,433)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital Outlay	54,529,980
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Current Year Developer Advance Repay Developer Advance	(19,069,850) 19,069,850
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Interest on Developer Advance	 (4,871)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 52,612,676

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•		•		•		
Property Taxes	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Taxes		1		-		(1)	
Transfer from District No. 2		220,378		220,076		(302)	
Transfer from District No. 3		209		334		125	
Transfer from District No. 4		17,526		17,846		320	
Total Revenues		238,115		238,257		142	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		63,000		33,771		29,229	
Audit		5,800		11,500		(5,700)	
Banking Fees		500		421		79	
Contingency		10,000		-		10,000	
Dues and Membership		1,200		1,537		(337)	
Election		2,500		2,698		(198)	
Insurance		10,200		9,966		234	
Legal		97,000		33,100		63,900	
Miscellaneous		5,000		951		4,049	
Total Expenditures		195,200		93,944		101,256	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		42,915		144,313		101,398	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to Other Funds		-		(2,537)		(2,537)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(2,537)		(2,537)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		42,915		141,776		98,861	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		89,670		110,239		20,569	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	132,585	\$	252,015	\$	119,430	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

TransPort Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, which is located in the City of Aurora was organized following an election held on November 7, 2006 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes).

The District, together with TransPort Metropolitan District Nos. 2-15 (the Districts) are collectively undertaking the financing and construction of certain public improvements within and without the boundaries of the Districts. The service plans for the Districts authorize the Districts to enter into certain intergovernmental cost sharing and recovery agreements which govern the relationships between and among the Districts with respect to financing, construction and operation of the public improvements. These services are determined through the Coordinating Services Agreement.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and public hearing requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its Capital Fund annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

<u>Deficits</u>

The Capital Project Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2022. The deficit will be eliminated with a transfer from TransPort Metropolitan District No. 3 in 2023.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 140,261
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 7,200
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 147,461

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 147,461
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 147,461

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$147,461.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had no investments.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in property for the period ended December 31, 2022, follows:

Capital Assets, Not Being	Balance - December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance - December 31, 2022
Depreciated: Construction in Progress: Total Capital Assets,	\$ 20,576,855	\$ 54,529,980	\$-	\$ 75,106,835
Not Being Depreciated	\$ 20,576,855	\$ 54,529,980	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 75,106,835

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Dec	alance - ember 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Dec	alance - ember 31, 2022	W)ue ithin e Year
Governmental Activities:								
Other Debt:								
Developer Advances:								
Operating	\$	81,185	\$ -	\$ -	\$	81,185	\$	-
Capital		-	19,069,850	19,069,850		-		-
Accrued Interest on Developer								
Advance - Operating		3,367	4,871	-		8,238		-
Total	\$	84,552	\$ 19,074,721	\$ 19,069,850	\$	89,423	\$	-

Authorized Debt

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$1,500,000,000, and the eligible electors of the District have authorized the issuance of bond indebtedness of up to \$21,000,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

		rnmental
	AC	tivities
Restricted Net Position:		
Emergency Reserves	\$	7,200
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	7,200

The remaining balance of Net Position is unrestricted.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by Transport Colorado, LLC (the Developer). During 2022, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer or a related entity and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

The District and the Western Transport, LLC (Western Transport) entered into an Independent Contractor Agreement for Construction Management Services dated March 22, 2021 (the Construction Management Agreement) whereby Western Transport is to provide construction management services during the construction of public improvements. On October 6, 2021, with the consent of the District, Western Transport assigned the Construction Management Agreement to Front Range Construction Management LLC, a company also related to Western Transport (the Developer). The management fee is 4.5% of the amount of the managed costs, excluding engineering cost certification and administrative costs. During the year, the District paid \$1,475,927 for construction management services. At the end of the year, \$48,577 was payable to Front Range Construction Management.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

District Coordinating Services Agreement (District Nos. 1-4)

Effective as of November 20, 2019, the District and TransPort Metropolitan District Nos. 2-4 (collectively, the Coordinating Districts) entered into a District Coordinating Services Agreement (the Coordinating Services Agreement) for the purpose of establishing the respective obligations of the Districts with respect to the coordinating Districts, and costs related to the continued operation and maintenance of certain of the public improvements within such Coordinating Districts. Pursuant to the Coordinating Services Agreement, the District was designated as the "coordinating district". TransPort Metropolitan District Nos. 2-4 were each designated as "financing districts".

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

The District and Western Transport entered into an Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement on February 10, 2021 (the Acquisition Agreement). Pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the District and the Western establish the process and procedure for the acceptance of district eligible costs by the District, and reimbursement of the same to Western Transport, and establish the process for acquisition of public improvements constructed by Western Transport. The District agrees to reimburse Western Transport for certified eligible costs related to public improvements together within simple interest that shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to Western Transport under this Agreement, until paid, at the rate of 6% per annum.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Capital)

The District and the Developer entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on November 18, 2020, for the purposes of funding capital costs. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 6% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2022, there were no outstanding advances or accrued interest under this agreement.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance)

The District and the Developer entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on February 5, 2020, for the purposes of funding operations and maintenance costs. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 6% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$81,185 and accrued interest totaled \$8,238.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer from the General Fund to Capital Fund was related to funding certain capital expenses.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 2006, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of December 31, 2022, the District had construction related contract commitments of approximately \$3,453,289.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Buc	dget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
REVENUES					
Transfer from District No. 3	\$ 51,530,831	\$ 55,242,148	\$ 52,308,987	\$ (2,933,161)	
Developer Contribution		321,108	321,108		
Total Revenues	51,530,831	55,563,256	52,630,095	(2,933,161)	
EXPENDITURES					
Accounting	25,000	33,771	33,771	-	
Legal	59,000	74,759	74,759	-	
Engineering - Cost Verification	73,500	48,331	48,331	-	
Engineering	10,000	-	-	-	
Repay Developer Advance	-	19,069,850	19,069,850	-	
Capital Outlay - District Costs	14,000,000	35,460,130	35,460,130	-	
Capital Outlay - Developer Certified Costs	10,837,700	19,069,850	19,069,850	-	
Contingency	26,525,631				
Total Expenditures	51,530,831	73,756,691	73,756,691		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(18,193,435)	(21,126,596)	(2,933,161)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Developer Advance	-	19,069,850	19,069,850	-	
Transfers from Other Funds Total Other Financing Sources	-	2,537	2,537	-	
(Uses)		19,072,387	19,072,387		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	878,952	(2,054,209)	(2,933,161)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(878,952)	(878,952)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>	\$-	\$ (2,933,161)	\$ (2,933,161)	

OTHER INFORMATION

TRANSPORT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current			Total Mills Levied						Percent
Year Ended	Year Property		General Debt		Total Property Taxes				Collected
December 31,		Levy	Operations	Service	Le	vied	Coll	ected	to Levied
2020	\$	210	50.000	0.000	\$	11	\$	12	109 %
2021		10	50.000	0.000		1		1	100
2022		10	50.000	0.000		1		1	100
Estimated for Year Ending December 31,									
2023	\$	10	50.000	0.000	\$	1			

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.